

Financial Disclosures

- □ Michelle Moccia, DNP, ANP-BC, GS-C
 - Genentech
- □ Michelle Panlilio, DNP, GNP-BC
 - Biogen, Eisai, Genentech, & Sunbird Bio

2

Speakers

- ☐ Michelle Moccia, DNP, ANP-BC, GS-C
 - □ Independent Gerontology Consultant
- □ Michelle Panlilio, DNP, GNP-BC
 - UCLA Alzheimer's and Dementia Care
 - National Lead Dementia Care Specialist





| | Learning (| Objectives |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | At the end of this presentation, learners will | Describe the benefits of a co-management comprehensive dementia care model across settings and during transitions of care. |
| | | Identify at least three assessment practice changes of persons living with dementia and their caregivers. |
| | | Name at least three geriatric management approaches to persons living with dementia and their caregivers. |
| <u> </u> | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Polling qu employme | estion: What best describes your place of |
| | A. Long Terr | n Care/Skilled Nursing Facility .iving/Board & Care Facility ent Living m of Care e |
| • | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Case | e Study |
| | | |
| | | |

The patient: Mr. Harold

- □ 82 y/o year old Caucasian male with Late Onset Alzheimer's Dementia with an estimated onset x 4 years
- □ Lives alone in NY
- □ Past Medical History
 - Late Onset Alzheimer's Dementia
 - Anxiety
 - Depression
 - Hypertension
 - Cataracts
 - Hyperlipidemia

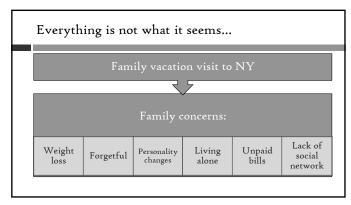
7

Medication List

- $\hfill\Box$ Donepezil 10 mg po qhs
- $\hfill\Box$ Cholecaliferol 2,000 units po qd
- $\hfill\Box$ Simvastatin 40 mg po qhs
- □ Trazodone 25 mg po qhs
- □ Vitamin b-12 1,000 mcg qd

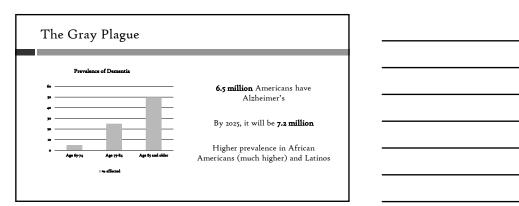
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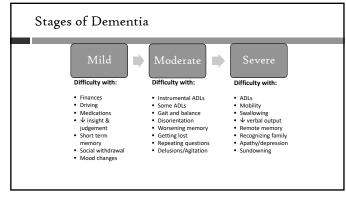
Psychosocial History Retired • Congressman and attorney • Single • 1 brother (Frank) and 2 nieces (Jeannie and Christina) Sexuality • Family believed he was homosexual • Managed independently • Pension, SS, savings, investments, and long-term care insurance



The Clinical Problem: Late Onset Alzheimer's Dementia

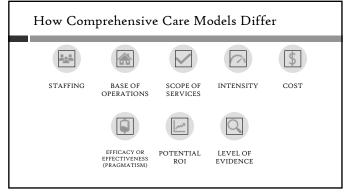
11







New Models of Comprehensive Care for Dementia Community-based-Implemented at CBOs or home by SWs, RNs, MFTs BRI Care Consultation MIND at Home (Hopkins) The Care Ecosystem (UCSF) Health System-based-Implemented in health systems by NP or MD-led staff Indiana University Healthy Aging Brain Center (HABC) Indiana University Healthy Aging Brain Center (HABC) Integrated Memory Care Clinic (Emory)



The UCLA Alzheimer's and Dementia Care Program

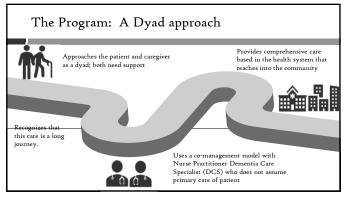
17

The UCLA Alzheimer's and Dementia Care Program

Mission: To partner with families, physicians, and community organizations to:

- maximize person living with dementia function, independence, and dignity,
- while minimizing caregiver strain and burnout
- Reduce unnecessary costs





The UCLA Alzheimer's and Dementia Care Program Benefits

- □ Co-Management model of dementia care
- $\hfill \square$ Works with primary care and specialty physicians to care for patientcaregiver dyads by
 - Conducting in-person needs assessments
 - \blacksquare Developing and implementing individualized dementia care plans
 - Monitoring response and revising as needed
 - Providing access 24 hours/day, 365 days a year

20

Community-Based Organizations (CBOs) **Partnerships** Services for patients Adult day services Programs for enhancing brain health (for early stage memory loss)

- Services for families/caregivers:
- Education (workshops, classes, informational sessions, handouts)
 Counseling and peer-to-peer support

- Case management
 Legal and financial counseling
- Support groups

What is a Dementia Care Specialist?

- □ Advance Practice Provider
- Nurse Practitioner, Clinical Nurse Specialist (with prescribing authority),
 Physician Assistant
- $\hfill \Box$ Healthcare system-based, outpatient clinic setting
- □ Dementia Care Co-Management along with the individual's medical team (e.g., Primary Care, Neurologist, Psychiatrist)
- □ Each DCS follows approximately 250 patients

22

DCS Training

- $\hfill \Box$ GAPNA: 22 on-line training modules created by expert clinicians
- $\hfill\Box$ To precede in-person skills training
- Provides additional knowledge in order to provide high quality dementia care management
- Convenient, complete at your own pace format
- · Continuing education hours
- Supported by the JAHF



23

ADC Program: Core Elements

- □ Staffing
 - Advance Practice Nurse
 - Medical Director
 - Dementia Care Assistant
 - Program Manager
- □ Longitudinal Dementia Care
- □ 24/7 coverage
- $\hfill\Box$ Infrastructure and support
 - Access to EHR
 - \blacksquare EHR modified to support dementia care work
 - \blacksquare Linkages to community-based services

Comprehensive Dementia Care Management

- ☐ Focused on the patient and caregiver "dyad"
 - Continuous monitoring and assessment
 - Ongoing "age-friendly" care plans
 - Medication management
 - \blacksquare Psychosocial Interventions for dyad
 - Coordinated care
 - Transitions of care (palliative care, hospice)
 - Emergency Room Visits
 - Inpatient hospitalizations



25

Type of Care Impact Hospital days V 30% Hospital d

26

Mr. Harold establishes care with ADC program
Initial Assessment

| Imaging • MRI BRAIN: No evidence of acute ischemia/infarct, intracranial hemorrhage, mass effect, or hydrocephalus. • CT Brain: No acute intracranial hemorrhage, mass effect, or hydrocephalus. | MMSE: 23/30 • Missed: 1 minute recall items, date, day of the week, city, & state | MOCA: 22/3/ • Missed: 4 items for recall, date, day of the week, city, state, |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| Assessme | .110 | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Task | No Help Needed | Help Needed | Who Helps? |
| KetzADLs | no nep resource | map meeded | ниопера: |
| Feeding | | | |
| Setting from bed to chair | • | | |
| Setting to the toilet | | | |
| Setting dressed | • | | |
| Bathing or showering | • | | |
| Walking across the room (include | 25 • | | |
| using cane or walker) | | | |
| Lawton IADLs | | | |
| Using the telephone | | • | |
| Taking your medicines | | -:- | |
| Preparing meals | | • | |
| Managing money (like keeping | | • | |
| track of expenses or paying bills) | | | |
| Moderately strenuous housewor | | • | |
| such as doing the laundry | 1 | | |
| Shopping for personal items like | | • | |
| toiletries or medicines | | | |
| Shopping for groceries | | • | |
| Driving | | • | |
| Climbing a flight of stairs | | • | |
| Getting to places beyond | I I | • | |
| walking distance (e.g. by bus, | 1 | | |
| taxi, or car) | | | |

Neuropsychiatric Assessment Depression Cornell Scale for Depression in Dementia: 11/38 Neuropsychiatric Inventory Scale (NPI-Q) *** Indicates positive scores on behavioral disturbance NPI-Q Delusions *** Hallucination Agitation *** Iluritability Depression Agitation *** Apathy Sleep Disturbances Anxiety Apathy Sleep Disturbances

| Poll | | - | |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| depre □Yes □No | | - - - - | |
| 31 | | 1 | |
| The (| Caregiver: Niece Jeannie | _ | |
| □ Nie □ DP □ Distr | ionship: cce from Los Angeles, CA OA for health and finances cess & Strain Q-9: 2 dified Caregiver Strain Index: 14/26 | - - - - | |
| | | | |
| Jeann | nie's Testimony (Interval History) | _ | |
| □ Wand □ Agita □ Disin □ Sex | Safety Concerns Emerge dering ntion & Aggression nhibition rually-inappropriate comments to female staff od handling in cafeteria | - - - - | |

Poll

- $\hfill \square$ The organization where I work invests in LGBTQ+ education program.
 - Strongly agree
 - Agree
 - Neither agree or disagree
 - Disagree
 - Strongly disagree

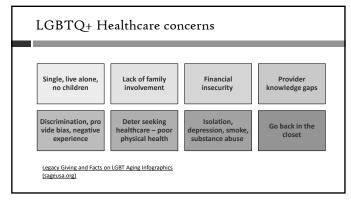
34

Poll

- During the initial resident's intake, how likely is the patient asked their preferred pronoun (she/her, him/his, they/them)?
 - Highly likely
 - Very likely
 - Somewhat likely
 - Not at all likely

35

By 2030, estimated 7 million LGBTQ+ adults 65 or older in the U.S. (National Resource Causer on LGBT Aging, 2011). LGBTQ+ older adults Designated as health disparity population for NIH and AHRQ-research



Where do we go from here? Management

38

Care Plan Recommendations Medical Management Late onset Alzheimer's Depression/Anxiety HTN HLD Advance Care Planning Referral to Psychiatry (after a few years)

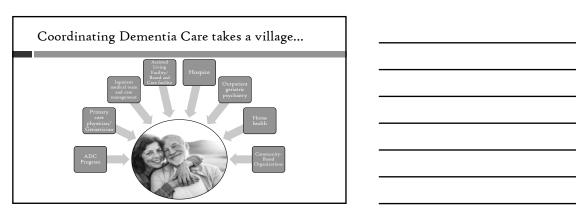
Care Plan Recommendations (cont.)

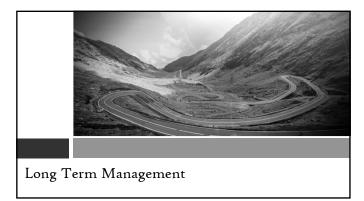
- □ Behavioral Management
 - Family discussions about elevating his level of care (memory care)
 - Coordinating care with ALF/memory care
 - Behavioral Modifications
- $\hfill \square$ Social Management (For the caregiver)
 - Support Groups
 - Private Counseling
 - Case Management

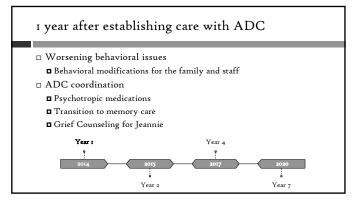
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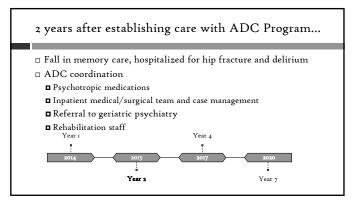
Advance Care Planning DPOA • Niece Jeannie Goals of Care • Stay at his facility and be close to family POLST Form • Full code (at the time of initial assessment)

41

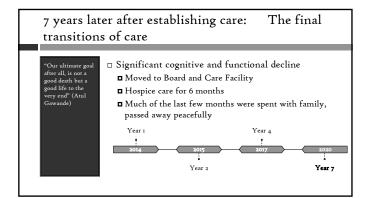


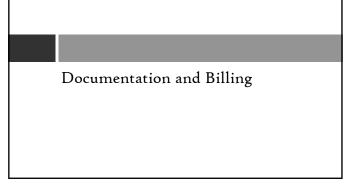




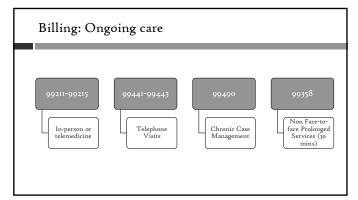


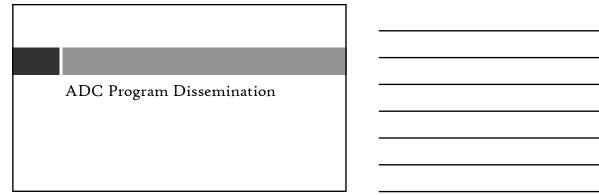
| 4 years after establishi Program | ng care with the ADC |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| □ Worsening behavioral issues | |
| Verbal threats to staff and refusing care | |
| □ Medications: | |
| Donepezil 10 mg po qhs | |
| Namenda 10 mg bid | |
| Mirtazapine 15 mg po qhs | |
| ■ Gabapentin 100 mg bid | |
| Olanzapine 5 mg po bid | |
| □ Inpatient psychiatric hospitalization for | 2 weeks |
| Year 1 | Year 4 |
| 2014 2015 | 2017 2020 |
| Year 2 | Year 7 |

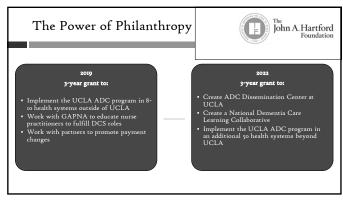


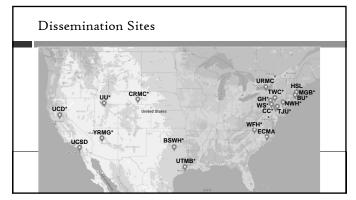


| Billing: 99483 Code | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| □ Initial Consult ■ 99483 Cognitive Assessment and G | Care Planning - Permanently added to the Medicare |
| Telehealth list | |
| Service elements of CPT*code 99403 Cognition focused evaluation, including a partinent holizy and examination of the patient. Mediad docume making of moduration or high complexity (defined by the EM guidelines). | Evaluation of satiley flor example, home satiley, excluding notice vertices operation, if applicable loterationary or desempently, compare soundary, campore recede, coast appears and the willing reset of campore to take on company takes and processors, coastile or researcy, or review of an Development, applicable or researcy, or review of an |
| Functional assessment (for example, Basic and instrumental Activities of Daily Living), including decision reaking capacity. Use of standardized instruments to stage dementia Medication reconciliation and review for high rink. | Advance Care Plan Creation of a care plan, including initial plans to address any neuropsychiatric symptoms and informal to community resources as needed (for exemple, adult day programs and support groups). |
| modications, if applicable Evaluation for neuropsychiatric and behavioral symptoms, including depression and including use of standardized inforturents | the care plan must be shared with the patient and/or caregiver at the time of initial education and support. |









53

ADC Program Dissemination

- □ Education Development Center (EDC)
- □ American Geriatric Society
- □ GAPNA
- □ Alzheimer's Association
- □ IHI Age friendly health Systems
- \Box CDC
- □ LEAD Coalition
- □ Milken Alliance



What did we learn?

- □ "Usual care" is not enough
- □ A co-management model of dementia care supports the patient and their family through the journey
- $\hfill \square$ Billing codes to support a co-management model of dementia care has come a long way, however, is still a work in progress
- □ Providing dementia care through a medical model can reduce expenses for healthcare systems and the nation

55

Questions? Thank you!

56

References/Resources

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